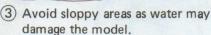


## Handling precaution

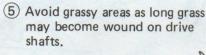
## The R/C BUGGY is designed as a high-speed off-road racing car. Be careful while handling and operating this model.





The controller and motor are hot after operation. Be careful not to burn yourself. (Do not touch carelessly)

1) Do not operate at a crowded location or where children are present.



7 Damage may be anticipated if the car jumping, however when some races require it, use your judgement.

The R/C BUGGY ideal weight balance enable landing on its rear tires after taking a level straight forward jump at full-speed.

Avoid unbalanced front tire landings because these heighten the possibility of



2 The car may overturn if a high-speed turn is performed on a paved road or grassy lawn. Make sure to remember the basic principle for cornering, slow in and fast out. When driving is impaired by deep sand, obstacles, or wound grass or string on drive shafts, do not try to drive further, but set the transmitter levers to their neutral positions (controller's stop position). Be careful because the motor bears an excessive load under these conditions.

(8) It is recommended not to drive in rough areas with many stones.

## Checks before driving

- 1 Check all screws and nuts for tightness. Pay special attention to screws and nuts securing the suspension, and butt screws attached to the universal joint.
- ② Check gears for correct engagement. Faulty pinion gear engagement due to loosened motor securing screws may cause idler gear damage. Check the pinion gear butt screw for correct tightness. (See Page 6.)
- 3 Are proportional controller batteries supplying sufficient power? Receiver battery life is shorter than that of the transmitter, and early battery replacement is recommended. (See Page 2.)
- Does the controller operate correctly? Make sure that the controller is correctly adjusted. (See Page 8.)

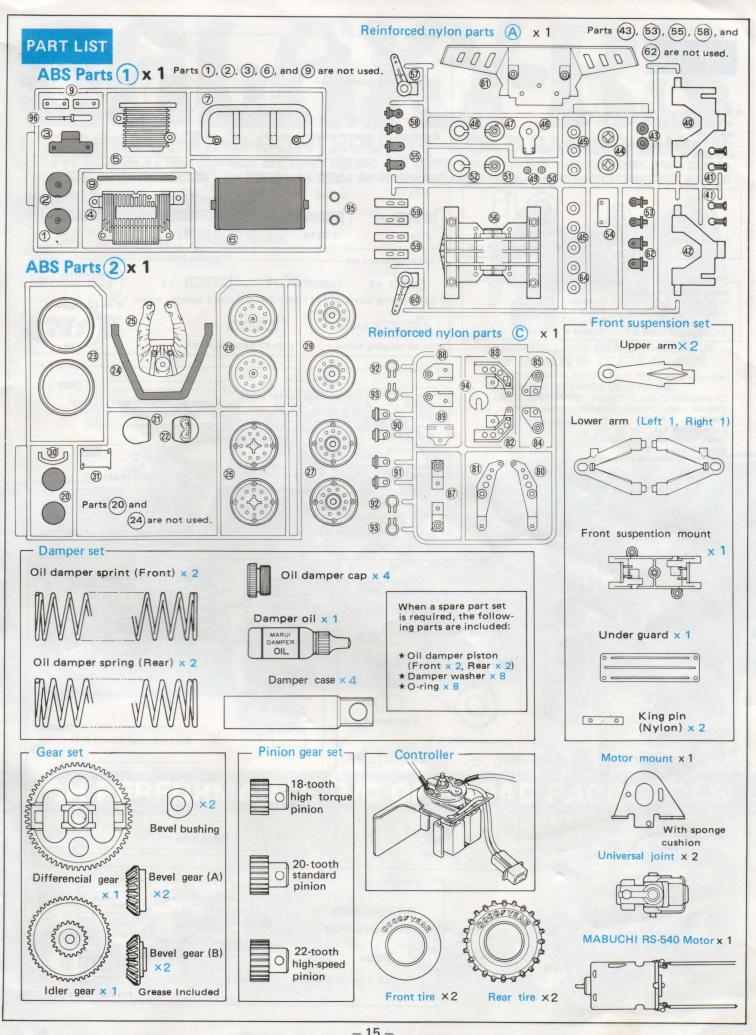
- (5) Does the steering operate correctly? Perform a test run to see if the car runs straight. If not, turn the steering lever trim toward the reverse direction of the car's drift. If still not corrected, adjust the steering rod length as instructed in the assembly sheet. (See Fig. 14 of page 7.)
- 6 Are all wire connections tight? Faulty insulating vinyl or soldered areas may cause short circuit. Repair using vinyl insulating tape. (See Fig. 18 of Page 9.)
- 7 Are drive batteries sufficiently charged? (See Page 2.)

## Troubleshooting

- Following troubles may be corrected through performance of above described checks before operation.
- The car does not move forward although the motor is operating.
   See Page 5, 6, 8, and 12.

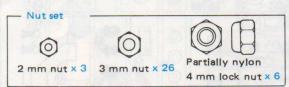
- ② Irregular motor or gear sound. Rear wheels do not rotate smoothly. See Page 5, 6, and 12.
- (3) The car does not respond properly to control or runs at random during driving. See Page 2, 7, and 8.
- Speed controller does not operate correctly including no full-speed drive. See Page 8.
- Faulty straight driving, or turning to the right and left differs. See Fig. 14 to of Page 7.
- 6 Controller, drive batteries, or wires are over-heated. See Page 8.
- For faulty proportional controller operation including improper servo movement, check the following points:
  Sufficient power supply by batteries, correct (+) and (-) battery connections, an discontinuous servo or connector wires.
- 8 If the faulty operation is still not correcte after the above, contact your dealer for repair.







 Some types of screws and nuts are included excessively for spare part use.
 "\phi3" in figures represents "3 mm diameter")



Heat shrinkage tube
(Large) × 1
Heat shrinkage tube
(Small) × 1
Translucent tube × 1

Rubber tube × 1
Sponge × 1
Pliers × 1
Bond × 1
Grease × 1

• Other Parts

Chassis × 1
Chassis cover (Front, Middle, Rear) ..... 1 each
Pipe frame × 1
Heat resisting, double face tape (Black) × 1
Gear engagement adjustment sheet × 1

\* Spare parts may be purchased separately.



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